

Site to Visit & Tour Route

Date	Time	Site	Meals			Date	Time	Site	Meals		
			B	L	D				B	L	D
Sept.19	8:50AM	Meeting at Sendai International Center (Main Venue) Moune District 2 : Area where no seawall was built Lunch Inner bay area: Floating seawall / flap gate seawall Asahi Town Rias Ark Museum				Sept. 20		Kesennuma City Great East Japan Earthquake Remains: Earthquake Dissemination Museum Otani Coast Lunch Koizumi (Nakajima Coast)	○	×	×
	5:10PM	Arrival at Hotel < Stay at Hotel >					4:40PM	Arrival at Sendai International Center (Main Venue)			

*The meal for Breakfast on Sep. 20 is included.

Tour Information

Date	: September 19 (Sat) to September 20 (Sun) 5:00 PM	Meeting	: 8:50 AM @ Sendai International Center (Main Venue)
Fee	: Coming soon.	Capacity	: 40 delegates maximum
Dress	: Casual and comfortable	Application	: By
Inclusion	: Transfer from Sendai International Center to venues, accommodation and cruise fare		
Note	: None		

<DAY 1>



Earthquake Ruins: Okawa Elementary School



Onagawa Town



Matsushima



This image provided by the Miyagi Prefecture Sightseeing Section.

Moune District 2 : Area where no seawall was built

The Moune District 2 residents have chosen that seawall is not built to reconstruct their area. We will introduce the local situation and the process of consensus agreement

Inner bay area: Floating seawall / flap gate seawall

Immediately after the earthquake, the "Nai-wan Area Reconstruction Community Development Council" was launched. In the first year, more than 200 meetings were held and consensus was built among the residents. There were many residents who took objection to the seawall plan, and as a part of town development, a floating seawall and flap gate seawall were built with the aim of becoming a seawall with a height that allows children to see the sea. . On the other hand, due to the lack of confirmation and communication between the contractee (Miyagi Pref.) and the constructor, a seawall with a height different from that agreed was constructed.

Asahi Town (Around fish market place) : Upright type seawall harmonized with landscape

Due to the location of many fisheries-related companies, it was difficult to secure land and an upright seawall with a small construction area was constructed. If the invisible seawalls is built there, there were many problems to run fishing industry. So, the seawall with small windows which they can see "sea" were built.

Rias Ark Museum: A Facility for exhibition of the 2011 Japan disaster

"Records of the Great East Japan Earthquake and Tsunami Disaster History (1F Permanent Exhibition)" is on display in the museum. There are 137 items of historical data such as 203 original photographs and 155 items of disaster-affected sites, and about 500 items in total.

<DAY 2>



Earthquake Ruins: Okawa Elementary School



Onagawa Town



Matsushima



This image provided by the Miyagi Prefecture Sightseeing Section.

Kesennuma City Great East Japan Earthquake Remains / Earthquake Dissemination Museum: Earthquake Dissemination Facility

This facility combines the former school building of Kesennuma Koyo Senior High School, which was damaged by the tsunami, the remains of the earthquake disaster, and the earthquake disaster tradition building, which was established as a base for disaster reduction education. The remains of the disaster were preserved and maintained while keeping their appearance immediately after the disaster, and the inside can be viewed.

Otani Coast: A seawall built on a national road that is linked to the beach design

Before the disaster, it had a beach that was selected as one of the top 100 beaches in Japan. In order to utilize this as a tourism resource even after the earthquake, the setback of the tide embankment and the national road were designed as one while carefully consensus building.

Koizumi (Nakajima Coast): The largest seawall in Miyagi Prefecture

A huge seawall has been constructed, which is the largest seawall in Miyagi Prefecture and has a maximum TP of 14.7m. They were divided into supporters who needed to protect the fields in places where their homes could not be built, and opponents who wanted to protect the local natural resources. As of July 2019, no land use plan has been determined for the hinterland.